



June 18, 2002

Mr. Scott A. Durfee
General Counsel
Harris County
1201 Franklin Street, Suite 600
Houston, Texas 77002

OR2002-3294

Dear Mr. Durfee:

You ask whether certain information is subject to required public disclosure under chapter 552 of the Government Code. Your request was assigned ID# 164498.

The Harris County District Attorney (the “district attorney”) received a request for a police report and other documents related to incident number 144881900. You state that you have “conducted a diligent search and found no records in the District Attorney’s possession that would be responsive to [this] request.”¹

It is implicit in several provisions of the Public Information Act (the “Act”) that the Act applies only to information already in existence. *See* Gov’t Code §§ 552.002, .021, .227, .351. The Act does not require a governmental body to create or prepare new information. *See* Attorney General Opinion JM-672 (1987), H-90 (1973); *see also* Open Records Decision Nos. 572 at 1 (1990), 555 at 1-2 (1990), 452 at 2-3 (1986), 416 at 5 (1984), 342 at 3 (1982), 87 (1975). Furthermore, the Act does not require a governmental body to answer factual questions or perform legal research. *See* Open Records Decision Nos. 563 at 8 (1990), 555 at 1-2 (1990). A governmental body must only make a good faith effort to relate a request to information that it holds. *See* Open Records Decision No. 561 at 8 (1990).

¹ We note that the request is addressed to the City of Houston (the “city”). However, you represent that this request was received by the district attorney and do not indicate that you are responding on the city’s behalf. Accordingly, this ruling is limited to the issue of whether or not the district attorney must comply with this request and does not address the city’s obligations.

The request asks for information that you represent the district attorney did not maintain on the date that this request was received. Based on your representations, we agree that the district attorney need not comply with the request. As our ruling on this issue is dispositive, we need not address your other arguments.

This letter ruling is limited to the particular records at issue in this request and limited to the facts as presented to us; therefore, this ruling must not be relied upon as a previous determination regarding any other records or any other circumstances.

This ruling triggers important deadlines regarding the rights and responsibilities of the governmental body and of the requestor. For example, governmental bodies are prohibited from asking the attorney general to reconsider this ruling. Gov't Code § 552.301(f). If the governmental body wants to challenge this ruling, the governmental body must appeal by filing suit in Travis County within 30 calendar days. *Id.* § 552.324(b). In order to get the full benefit of such an appeal, the governmental body must file suit within 10 calendar days. *Id.* § 552.353(b)(3), (c). If the governmental body does not appeal this ruling and the governmental body does not comply with it, then both the requestor and the attorney general have the right to file suit against the governmental body to enforce this ruling. *Id.* § 552.321(a).

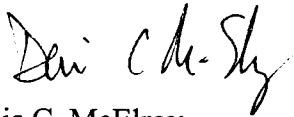
If this ruling requires the governmental body to release all or part of the requested information, the governmental body is responsible for taking the next step. Based on the statute, the attorney general expects that, within 10 calendar days of this ruling, the governmental body will do one of the following three things: 1) release the public records; 2) notify the requestor of the exact day, time, and place that copies of the records will be provided or that the records can be inspected; or 3) notify the requestor of the governmental body's intent to challenge this letter ruling in court. If the governmental body fails to do one of these three things within 10 calendar days of this ruling, then the requestor should report that failure to the attorney general's Open Government Hotline, toll free, at 877/673-6839. The requestor may also file a complaint with the district or county attorney. *Id.* § 552.3215(e).

If this ruling requires or permits the governmental body to withhold all or some of the requested information, the requestor can appeal that decision by suing the governmental body. *Id.* § 552.321(a); *Texas Department of Public Safety v. Gilbreath*, 842 S.W.2d 408, 411 (Tex. App.—Austin 1992, no writ).

Please remember that under the Act the release of information triggers certain procedures for costs and charges to the requestor. If records are released in compliance with this ruling, be sure that all charges for the information are at or below the legal amounts. Questions or complaints about over-charging must be directed to Hadassah Schloss at the Texas Building and Procurement Commission at 512/475-2497.

If the governmental body, the requestor, or any other person has questions or comments about this ruling, they may contact our office. We note that a third party may challenge this ruling by filing suit seeking to withhold information from a requestor. Gov't Code § 552.325. Although there is no statutory deadline for contacting us, the attorney general prefers to receive any comments within 10 calendar days of the date of this ruling.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Denis C. McElroy". The signature is fluid and cursive, with the first name "Denis" and last name "McElroy" clearly distinguishable.

Denis C. McElroy
Assistant Attorney General
Open Records Division

DCM/seg

Ref: ID# 164498

Enc. Submitted documents

c: Mr. Gary G. Green
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(w/o enclosures)